# **HOUSE BILL No. 1349**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 2-2.1; IC 4-10-21-0.5; IC 4-13-2-18.

Synopsis: State spending cap. Provides a control on state expenditures for state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2009, that is based on the change in gross Indiana nonfarm personal income as reported by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Requires the budget agency to determine and publish the Indiana nonfarm personal income growth quotient (the IPI growth quotient) in the Indiana Register. Provides for emergency expenditures. Provides for mandatory reductions in expenditures. Requires that the digest of a budget bill or a conference committee report on a budget bill must contain certain information concerning state appropriations and expenditures. Provides that current law concerning business cycle state spending controls expires June 30, 2009.

Effective: July 1, 2008.

## Noe

January 17, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.





### Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1349**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning the general assembly.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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1	SECTION 1. IC 2-2.1-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2008]:

**Chapter 4. General Expenditure Controls** 

- Sec. 1. This chapter applies after December 30, 2008.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "budget period" means a biennium beginning July 1 of an odd-numbered year.
  - Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "controlled state fund" refers to the following:
    - (1) The state general fund.
    - (2) The property tax replacement fund.
- (3) The counter-cyclical revenue and economic stabilization fund.
- 14 Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "expenditure" refers to an 15 expenditure from a controlled state fund in a state fiscal year.
  - (b) The term does not include the following:
  - (1) A payment of a tax refund or refundable tax credit related



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1	to a state tax liability.
2	(2) A transfer between controlled state funds or accounts
3	within a controlled state fund.
4	(3) The costs of capital construction and repair except for fee
5	replacement, debt service, and lease rental payments.
6	(4) The costs of judgments and settlements.
7	(5) The costs of providing property tax replacement credits
8	and homestead credits.
9	(6) The costs of making motor vehicle excise tax replacement
10	payments.
11	(7) A distribution or an allocation of state tax revenues to a
12	unit of local government under IC 36-7-13, IC 36-7-26,
13	IC 36-7-27, IC 36-7-31, or IC 36-7-31.3.
14	(8) A distribution of state tax revenues collected under IC 7.1
15	that is payable to a city or town.
16	(9) The costs of providing supplemental distributions under
17	IC 4-33-13-5 to replace riverboat admissions taxes.
18	(10) A transfer from the property tax replacement fund to the
19	build Indiana fund required under IC 4-33-13-5(d).
20	(11) A distribution of state tax revenues collected under any
21	other statute that is:
22	(A) deposited in a controlled state fund; and
23	(B) payable to a unit of local government.
24	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "IPI growth quotient" refers to
25	the Indiana nonfarm personal income growth quotient determined
26	under section 7 of this chapter.
27	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "state spending cap" for a state
28	fiscal year refers to the limit on expenditures determined under
29	section 8 of this chapter.
30	Sec. 7. (a) The IPI growth quotient for a specified state fiscal
31	year is the amount determined under STEP FOUR of the following
32	formula:
33	STEP ONE: For each of the six (6) calendar years
34	immediately preceding the specified state fiscal year, divide:
35	(A) the Indiana nonfarm personal income for the calendar
36	year; by
37	(B) the Indiana nonfarm personal income for the
38	immediately preceding calendar year.
39	STEP TWO: Add the quotients determined under STEP ONE.
40	STEP THREE Divide:
41	(A) the STEP TWO result; by
12	(B) $six (6)$ .



1	STEP FOUR: Determine the lesser of the following:
2	(A) The STEP THREE result.
3	(B) One and six-hundredths (1.06).
4	(b) Not later than January 31 of each odd-numbered year, the
5	budget agency shall determine the IPI growth quotient for the state
6	fiscal year beginning July 1 of the odd-numbered year.
7	(c) The budget agency shall publish the IPI growth quotient
8	determined under subsection (b) for a particular budget period in
9	the Indiana Register not later than February 15 of each
0	odd-numbered year. In addition, the budget agency shall publish
1	historic IPI growth quotient data in the Indiana Register not later
2	than July 1 of each odd-numbered year.
3	Sec. 8. (a) The maximum total expenditure allowed from
4	controlled state funds for a budget period is the sum of the
5	maximum total expenditures allowed from controlled state funds
6	for each state fiscal year of the budget period.
7	(b) The maximum total expenditure allowed from controlled
8	state funds for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009, is the
9	amount determined under STEP FIVE of the following formula:
20	STEP ONE: Determine the actual total expenditure from
2.1	controlled state funds for the state fiscal year beginning July
22	1, 2006.
23	STEP TWO: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the state
24	fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007.
25	STEP THREE: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the
26	state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2008.
27	STEP FOUR: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the state
28	fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009.
29	STEP FIVE: Determine the product of the following:
0	(A) The STEP ONE result.
1	(B) The STEP TWO result.
32	(C) The STEP THREE result.
3	(D) The STEP FOUR result.
4	(c) This subsection applies only to state fiscal years beginning
55	after June 30, 2011. The maximum total expenditure allowed from
6	controlled state funds for the first state fiscal year of a budget
37	period beginning on July 1 of an odd-numbered year is the amount
8	determined under STEP SIX of the following formula:
9	STEP ONE: Determine the maximum total expenditure
10	allowed from controlled state funds for the state fiscal year
1	beginning July 1 of the immediately preceding
.2	even-numbered year, as calculated under subsection (d).



1	STEP TWO: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the	
2	second state fiscal year of the immediately preceding budget	
3	period.	
4	STEP THREE: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the	
5	first state fiscal year of the immediately preceding budget	
6	period.	
7	STEP FOUR: Divide:	
8	(A) the STEP TWO result; by	
9	(B) the STEP THREE result.	
10	STEP FIVE: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the first	
11	state fiscal year of the budget period.	
12	STEP SIX: Multiply the following:	
13	(A) The STEP ONE result.	
14	(B) The STEP FOUR result.	
15	(C) The STEP FIVE result.	
16	(d) The maximum total expenditure allowed from controlled	
17	state funds for the second state fiscal year of a budget period	
18	beginning July 1 of an even-numbered year is the amount	
19	determined under STEP THREE of the following formula:	
20	STEP ONE: Determine the maximum total expenditure for	
21	the first state fiscal year of the budget period, as calculated	
22	under subsection (b) or (c).	
23	STEP TWO: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the first	
24	state fiscal year of the budget period.	
25	STEP THREE: Multiply:	
26	(A) the STEP ONE result; by	
27	(B) the STEP TWO result.	,
28	(e) The budget agency shall publish the maximum total	
29	expenditure amounts determined under subsections (a), (b), (c),	١
30	and (d), as applicable, for the budget period beginning July 1 of an	
31	odd-numbered year in the Indiana Register not later than	
32	February 15 of the odd-numbered year. Except for revisions to	
33	correct calculation errors, the maximum total expenditure	
34	amounts published under this subsection remain in effect for the	
35	duration of the corresponding budget period.	
36	Sec. 9. Except as provided in sections 10, 11, and 14 of this	
37	chapter, the state spending cap for a state fiscal year equals the	
38	amount of the maximum total expenditure determined under	
39	section 8(b), 8(c), or 8(d) of this chapter, as applicable. The general	
40	assembly shall not appropriate, and the budget director may not	
41	allot, a total sum of expenditures in a state fiscal year that exceeds	



the state spending cap.

1	Sec. 10. (a) An increase in the state spending cap, other than by	
2	an application of the IPI growth quotient, may occur only if at least	
3	one (1) of the following occurs:	
4	(1) A spending responsibility has shifted from another level of	
5	government to a controlled state fund.	
6	(2) A spending responsibility has shifted from a fund not	
7	limited by this chapter to a fund limited by this chapter.	
8	(3) There has been:	
9	(A) an expansion of:	
10	(i) state services; and	
11	(ii) state spending; and	
12	(B) a tax increase enacted to finance the additional state	
13	services and spending.	
14	(b) An increase in the state spending cap for spending described	
15	in subsection (a) requires the approval of a two-thirds (2/3)	
16	majority of the house of representatives and a two-thirds (2/3)	
17	majority of the senate.	
18	Sec. 11. The general assembly, in a regular session, may	
19	authorize an emergency appropriation by enacting a supplemental	
20	appropriations act and a joint resolution that contains all the	
21	statements described in section 12 of this chapter. A supplemental	
22	appropriations act must be approved by a two-thirds (2/3)	
23	majority of the house of representatives and a two-thirds (2/3)	
24	majority of the senate.	
25	Sec. 12. A joint resolution described in section 11 of this chapter	
26	must contain the following:	
27	(1) A statement that all spending authorized in the act exceeds	
28	the limit of the state spending cap.	
29	(2) A description of the amount of emergency expenditures	
30	and an explanation of the specific circumstances that created	
31	the need for a supplemental appropriation.	
32	Sec. 13. Except as allowed in an emergency appropriation under	
33	section 11 of this chapter, all appropriations for expenditures for	
34	a state fiscal year, including continuing appropriations, are void if	
35	the total amount appropriated for expenditures exceeds the	
36	amount allowed by the state spending cap for the state fiscal year	
37	under this chapter. If the appropriations for a state fiscal year are	
38	voided under this section, the general assembly in a regular or	
39	special session may reappropriate an amount that does not exceed	
40	the amount allowed by the state spending cap under this chapter.	
41	Sec. 14. (a) Subject to subsection (c), reductions in the state	

spending cap are mandatory in each year when spending



1	responsibility is:
2	(1) shifted from a controlled state fund or to another level of
3	government; or
4	(2) transferred from a controlled state fund to a fund that is
5	not limited by this chapter.
6	The state spending cap must be decreased by the amount of the
7	shift or transfer.
8	(b) The amount of the state spending cap reduction shall be
9	determined by the budget agency upon the recommendation of the
10	budget committee by a simple majority vote.
11	(c) If the budget agency determines that:
12	(1) the amount of a state spending cap reduction required
13	under subsection (a) is less than one-tenth of one percent
14	(0.1%); or
15	(2) there is a need to waive the mandatory downward
16	adjustment;
17	the state spending cap reduction must receive a unanimous
18	recommendation from the budget committee to take effect.
19	SECTION 2. IC 2-2.1-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
20	A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
21	1, 2008]:
22	Chapter 5. Budget Bill Requirements
23	Sec. 1. This chapter applies after December 30, 2008.
24	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "controlled state fund" has the
25	meaning set forth in IC 2-2.1-4-3.
26	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "digest" refers to the description
27	of the contents of a bill or a conference committee report that is
28	located on:
29	(1) the cover page of a bill; or
30	(2) the first page of a conference committee report.
31	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "expenditure" has the meaning
32	set forth in IC 2-2.1-4-4.
33	Sec. 5. The digest of a budget bill or a conference committee
34	report on a budget bill must contain the following information:
35	(1) The total amount of appropriations from controlled state
36	funds.
37	(2) The total amount of appropriations for expenditures
38	subject to IC 2-2.1-4 from controlled state funds.
39	(3) The expenditure limit for controlled state funds
40	established under IC 2-2.1-4.
41	SECTION 3. IC 4-10-21-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
42	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY



1, 2008]: Sec. 0.5. This chapter expires June 30, 2009.

SECTION 4. IC 4-13-2-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 18. (a) For the purpose of the administration of the allotment system provided by this section, each fiscal year shall be divided into four (4) quarterly allotment periods, beginning respectively on the first day of July, October, January, and April. However, in any case where the quarterly allotment period is impracticable, the state budget director may prescribe a different period suited to the circumstances but not extending beyond the end of any fiscal year.

- (b) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, the provisions of this chapter relating to the allotment system and to the encumbering of funds shall apply to appropriations and funds of all kinds, including standing or annual appropriations and dedicated funds, from which expenditures are to be made from time to time by or under the authority of any state agency. However, the provisions relating to the allotment system shall not apply to moneys made available for the purpose of conducting a post-audit of financial transactions of any state agency. Likewise, appropriations for construction or for the acquisition of real estate for public purposes may be exempted from the allotment system by the state budget director, but in such cases he the budget director shall prescribe such regulations as will insure the proper application and encumbering of funds.
- (c) No appropriation to any state agency shall become available for expenditure until:
  - (1) such state agency shall have submitted to the state budget agency a request for allotment, such request for allotment to consist of an estimate of the amount required for each activity and each purpose for which money is to be expended during the applicable allotment period; and
  - (2) such estimate contained in the request for allotment shall have been approved, increased, or decreased by the state budget director and funds allotted therefor as hereinafter provided.

The form of a request for allotment, including a request by hand, mail, facsimile transmission, or other electronic transmission, shall be prescribed by the state budget agency with the approval of the auditor of state and shall be submitted to them at least twenty-five (25) days prior to the beginning of the allotment period.

- (d) Each request for allotment shall be reviewed by the state budget agency, and respective amounts therein shall be allotted for expenditure if:
  - (1) the estimate therein is within the terms of the appropriation as









1	to amount and purpose, having due regard for the probable future
2	needs of the state agency for the remainder of the fiscal year or
3	other term for which the appropriation was made; and
4	(2) the agency contemplates expenditure of the allotment during
5	the period.
6	Otherwise, the state budget agency shall modify the estimate so as to
7	conform with the terms of the appropriation and the prospective needs
8	of the state agency and shall reduce the amount to be allotted
9	accordingly. The state budget agency shall act promptly upon all
10	requests for allotment and shall notify every state agency of its
11	allotments at least five (5) days before the beginning of each allotment
12	period. The total amount allotted to any agency for the fiscal year or
13	other term for which the appropriation was made shall not exceed the
14	amount appropriated for such year or term.
15	(e) The state budget director shall also have authority at any time to
16	modify or amend any allotment previously made by him. the budget
17	director.
18	(f) In case the state budget director shall discover at any time that:
19	(1) the probable receipts from taxes or other sources for any fund
20	will be less than were anticipated; and
21	(2) as a consequence the amount available for the remainder of
22	the term of the appropriation or for any allotment period will be
23	less than the amount estimated or allotted therefor;
24	he the budget director shall, with the approval of the governor, and
25	after notice to the state agency or agencies concerned, reduce the
26	amount or amounts allotted or to be allotted so as to prevent a deficit.
27	(g) This subsection applies to state fiscal years beginning after
28	June 30, 2009. The definitions in IC 2-2.1-4 apply throughout this
29	subsection. Allotments for a state fiscal year that exceed the state
30	spending cap are void. The budget agency shall allot money for an
31	appropriation, including an appropriation that is not made in a
32	specific amount, to provide that the total allotment for
33	expenditures from controlled state funds in a state fiscal year does
34	not exceed the state spending cap. If the budget director discovers
35	that the projected expenditures for the remainder of a state fiscal
36	year will probably exceed the state spending cap, the budget
37	director shall, with the approval of the governor and after notice
38	to the state agency or agencies concerned, reduce the amount or
39	amounts allotted or to be allotted to prevent a total allotment that

(g) (h) The state budget agency shall promptly transmit records of

all allotments and modifications thereof to the auditor of state.



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exceeds the state spending cap.

(h) (i) The auditor of state shall maintain as a part of the central accounting system for the state, as hereinbefore provided, records showing at all times, by funds, accounts, and other pertinent classifications, the amounts appropriated, the estimated revenues, the actual revenues or receipts, the amounts allotted and available for expenditure, the total expenditures, the unliquidated obligations, actual balances on hand, and the unencumbered balances of the allotments for each state agency.

(i) (j) No payment shall be made from any fund, allotment, or appropriation unless the auditor of state shall first certify that there is a sufficient unencumbered balance in such fund, allotment, or appropriation after taking into consideration all previous expenditures to meet the same. In the case of an obligation to be paid from federal funds, a notice of federal grant award shall be considered an appropriation against which obligations may be incurred, funds may be allotted, and encumbrances may be made.

(i) (k) Every expenditure or obligation authorized or incurred in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be void. Every payment made in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be illegal, and every official authorizing or making such payment, or taking part therein, and every person receiving such payment, or any part thereof, shall be jointly and severally liable to the state for the full amount so paid or received. If any appointive officer or employee of the state shall knowingly incur any obligation or shall authorize or make any expenditure in violation of the provisions of this chapter, or take any part therein, it shall be ground for his the officer's or employee's removal by the officer appointing him, the officer or employee, and if the appointing officer be other than the governor and shall fail to remove such officer or employee, the governor may exercise such power of removal after giving notice of the charges and opportunity for hearing thereon to the accused officer or employee and to the officer appointing him. the officer or employee.

SECTION 5. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) IC 2-2.1-4, as added by this act, applies only to appropriations and allotments for state fiscal years that begin after June 30, 2009.

(b) IC 2-2.1-5, as added by this act, applies to a regular session of the general assembly that begins after June 30, 2008.

